$$T(x) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} f(x,\theta) dx = M \left(T(\xi) \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(\xi,\theta) \right)$$

$$T(x) \cdot \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \ln L(x,\theta) \right) \cdot f(x,\theta) dx = \int_{\mathbb{R}_{+}}^{T(x)} \int_{\mathbb{R}_{+}}^{\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta}} \int_{\mathbb{R}_{+}}^{\mathbb{R}_{+}} \int_{\mathbb{R}_{+}}^{\mathbb{$$

Computational Neuroscience Initiative Basel presents:



Everton Joao Agnes

Biozentrum Basel

Thursday, August 11th, 2022, seminar at 10:15

Linking accessibility, allocation, and inhibitory gating in a model of context-dependent associative memory

Workshop at 11:30

Incorporating contextual control in Hopfield networks

In person at room 5.30 FMI or via zoom Workshop: free lunch will be provided, please register at: https://www.fmi.ch/courses/comp.neuroscience/



Everton Agnes works on theoretical models, from single cells to large networks, to elucidate how the brain transforms sensation into behaviour. His work provides a link between behavioural data and the mechanistic details of neural circuits. In this seminar, he will present a context-dependent associative memory model built from neuronal and synaptic gating, yielding new insights into memory organisation.







